

FACULTY OF COMPUTING
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FCIT
KAU

كلية الحاسبات
وتقنية المعلومات

جامعة الملك عبدالعزيز

Sample Exam Questions

Mid-Term Exam 1 – Part 1 (MCQ)

CPIT 110 (Problem-Solving and Programming)



تنبيه!

- هذه الأسئلة عبارة عن عينة فقط توضح طريقة أسئلة اختبار الدوري الأول - الجزء الأول (الاختيارات) لمقرر البرمجة وحل المشكلات (CPIT-110).
- هذه الأسئلة لا يُعتمد عليها للمذاكرة.
- قد لا تشمل هذه الأسئلة جميع المواضيع المقررة للاختبار.
- هذه الأسئلة مناسبة للمراجعة بعد الانتهاء من مذاكرة وتطبيق المواضيع المقررة للاختبار.
- حلول الأسئلة مرفقة نهاية صفحات هذا الملف.

Question

#1

Which of the following code is correct?

- a)

```
print("Programming is fun")  
print("Python is fun")
```
- b)

```
print("Programming is fun")  
print("Python is fun")
```
- c)

```
print("Programming is fun)  
print("Python is fun")
```
- d)

```
print("Programming is fun)  
print("Python is fun")
```

Question #2

Which of the following code is correct?

a) `//` Comment

b) `/*` Comment

c) `#` Comment

d) `$$` Comment

Question #3

Which of the following code is correct?

a) `// comments //`

b) `/* comments */`

c) `''' comments '''`

d) `/# comments #/`

Question #4

Which of the following code is correct?

- a)

```
print("Programming is fun")
print("Python")
print("Computer Science")
```
- b)

```
print("Programming is fun")
print("Python")
    print("Computer Science")
```
- c)

```
print("Programming is fun")
print("Python")
print("Computer Science")
```
- d)

```
print("Programming is fun")
print("Python")
print("Computer Science")
```

Question #5

What function do you use to read a string?

- a) `input("Enter a string")`
- b) `eval(input("Enter a string"))`
- c) `enter("Enter a string")`
- d) `eval(enter("Enter a string"))`

Question #6

What is the result of `eval("1 + 3 * 2")`?

a) `"1 + 3 * 2"`

b) 7

c) 8

d) `"1 + 6"`

Question

#7

If you enter **1 2 3** in **three separate lines**, when you run this program, what will be displayed?

```
print("Enter three numbers: ")
number1 = eval(input())
number2 = eval(input())
number3 = eval(input())

# Compute average
average = (number1 + number2 + number3) / 3

# Display result
print(average)
```

- a) 1.0
- b) 2.0
- c) 3.0
- d) 4.0

Question

#8

If you enter **1 2 3** in **one line**, when you run this program, what will be displayed?

```
print("Enter three numbers: ")
number1 = eval(input())
number2 = eval(input())
number3 = eval(input())

# Compute average
average = (number1 + number2 + number3) / 3

# Display result
print(average)
```

- a) The program runs correctly and displays 1.0
- b) The program runs correctly and displays 2.0
- c) The program runs correctly and displays 3.0
- d) The program will have a runtime error on the input.

Question

#9

You can place the line continuation symbol `__` at the end of a line to tell the interpreter that the statement is continued on the next line.

- a) /
- b) \
- c) #
- d) &

Question

#10

Which of the following is a valid identifier?

a) \$343

b) mile

c) 9X

d) 8+9

Question

#11

If you enter 1, 2, 3, in one line, when you run this program, what will be displayed?

```
number1, number2, number3 = eval(input("Enter three  
                                     numbers: "))  
  
# Compute average  
average = (number1 + number2 + number3) / 3  
  
# Display result  
print(average)
```

- a) 1.0
- b) 2.0
- c) 3.0
- d) 4.0

Question #12

What will be displayed by the following code?

```
x = 1
x = 2 * x + 1
print(x)
```

- a) 0
- b) 1
- c) 2
- d) 3

Question #13

What will be displayed by the following code?

```
x = 1  
x = x + 2.5  
print(x)
```

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 3.5

Question

#14

What will be displayed by the following code?

```
x, y = 1, 2  
x, y = y, x  
print(x, y)
```

a) 1 1

b) 2 2

c) 1 2

d) 2 1

Question #15

To following code reads two number. Which of the following is the correct input for the code?

```
x, y = eval(input("Enter two numbers: "))
```

a) 1 2

b) "1 2"

c) 1, 2

d) 1, 2,

Question #16

What is the result of $3 / 2$?

- a) 1
- b) 1.5
- c) 2
- d) 3

Question #17

What is the result of `3 // 2`?

- a) 1
- b) 1.5
- c) 2
- d) 3

Question #18

Which of the following expressions will yield 0.5?

a) $1 / 2$

b) $1 // 2$

c) $1.0 // 2$

d) $2 / 2$

Question #19

Which of the following expression results in a value 1?

a) $2 \% 1$

b) $15 \% 4$

c) $25 \% 5$

d) $3 \% 2$

Question #20

25 % 1 is _____

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 0

Question #21

24 % 5 is _____

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 4
- d) 0

Question #22

`2 ** 3` evaluates to _____.

a) 9

b) 8

c) 9.0

d) 8.0

Question #23

`2 ** 3.0` evaluates to _____.

a) 9

b) 8

c) 9.0

d) 8.0

Question #24

$2 * 3 ** 2$ evaluates to _____.

a) 36

b) 18

c) 12

d) 81

Question #25

What is `y` displayed in the following code?

```
x = 1
y = x = x + 1
print("y is", y)
```

- a) `y` is 0.
- b) `y` is 1 because `x` is assigned to `y` first.
- c) `y` is 2 because `x + 1` is assigned to `x` and then `x` is assigned to `y`.
- d) The program has a compile error since `x` is redeclared in the statement `int y = x = x + 1`.

Question #26

What is the result of evaluating $2 + 2 ** 3 / 2$?

- a) 4
- b) 6
- c) 4.0
- d) 6.0

Question #27

What is the value of i printed?

```
j = i = 1  
i += j + j * 5  
print("What is i?", i)
```

- a) 1
- b) 5
- c) 6
- d) 7

Question #28

What is x after the following statements?

```
x = 1
```

```
x *= x + 1
```

a) x is 1

b) x is 2

c) x is 3

d) x is 4

Question #29

What is x after the following statements?

```
x = 2
```

```
y = 1
```

```
x *= y + 1
```

a) x is 1

b) x is 2

c) x is 3

d) x is 4

Question #30

To add a value 1 to variable x, you write

a) $1 + x = x$

b) $x += 1$

c) $x := 1$

d) $x =+ 1$

Question #31

Which of the following statements are the same?

(A) $x -= x + 4$

(B) $x = x + 4 - x$

(C) $x = x - (x + 4)$

a) (A) and (B) are the same

b) (A) and (C) are the same

c) (B) and (C) are the same

d) (A), (B), and (C) are the same

Question #32

Suppose x is 1. What is x after $x += 2$?

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4

Question #33

Suppose x is 1. What is x after $x -= 1$?

- a) 0
- b) 1
- c) -1
- d) 2

Question #34

What is x after the following statements?

```
x = 1
```

```
y = 2
```

```
x *= y + 1
```

a) x is 1

b) x is 2

c) x is 3

d) x is 4

Question #35

Which of the following functions return 4.

- a) `int(3.4)`
- b) `int(3.9)`
- c) `round(3.4)`
- d) `round(3.9)`

Question

#36

Which of the following functions cause an error?

- a) `int("034")`
- b) `eval("034")`
- c) `int(3.4)`
- d) `eval("3.4")`

Question #37

What is `max(3, 5, 1, 7, 4)`?

- a) 1
- b) 3
- c) 5
- d) 7

Question #38

What is `min(3, 5, 1, 7, 4)`?

- a) 1
- b) 3
- c) 5
- d) 7

Question #39

What is `round(3.52)`?

- a) 3.5
- b) 3
- c) 4
- d) 2

Question #40

What is `round(6.5)`?

- a) 4
- b) 5
- c) 6
- d) 7

Question #41

What is `round(7.5)`?

- a) 6
- b) 7
- c) 8
- d) 5

Question

#42

Which of the following statement prints smith\exam1\test.txt?

- a) `print ("smith\exam1\test.txt")`
- b) `print ("smith\\exam1\\test.txt")`
- c) `print ("smith\"exam1\"test.txt")`
- d) `print ("smith"\exam1"\test.txt")`

Question #43

The expression "Good " + 1 + 2 + 3 evaluates to _____.

- a) Good123
- b) Good6
- c) Good 123
- d) Illegal expression

Question #44

What will be displayed by the following code?

```
print("A", end = ' ')
print("B", end = ' ')
print("C", end = ' ')
print("D", end = ' ')
```

- a) ABCD
- b) A, B, C, D
- c) A B C D
- d) A, B, C, D will be displayed on four lines

Question #45

To format a number `x` to 3 digits after the decimal point, use:

- a) `format(x, "5.3f")`
- b) `format("5.3f", x)`
- c) `format(x, "5.4f")`
- d) `format("5.3f", x)`

Question #46

Suppose x is 345.3546, what is `format(x, "10.3f")`? (note b represents a blank space)

- a) `bb345.355`
- b) `bbb345.355`
- c) `bbbb345.355`
- d) `bbb345.354`

Question

#47

What will be displayed by the following code? ? (note ? represents a blank space)

```
print(format("Welcome", "10s"), end = '#')  
print(format(111, "4d"), end = '#')  
print(format(924.656, "3.2f"))
```

- a) ???Welcome#?111#924.66
- b) Welcome#111#924.66
- c) Welcome#111#.66
- d) Welcome???#?111#924.66

Question #48

What will be displayed by the following code? ? (note ? represents a blank space)

```
print(format("Welcome", ">10s"), end = '#')  
print(format(111, "<4d"), end = '#')  
print(format(924.656, ">10.2f"))
```

- a) ???Welcome#?111#924.66
- b) ???Welcome#?111#????924.66
- c) ???Welcome#111?#????924.66
- d) Welcome???#111?#????924.66

Question

#49

Suppse number contains integer value 4, which of the following statement is correct?

- a) `print(format(number, "2d"), format(number ** 1.5, "4d"))`
- b) `print(format(number, "2d"), format(number ** 1.5, "4.2d"))`
- c) `print(format(number, "2d"), format(number ** 1.5, "4.2f"))`
- d) `print(format(number, "2d"), format(number ** 1.5, "4.2s"))`

Question #50

The "less than or equal to" comparison operator is _____.

a) <<

b) <=

c) !=

d) >=

Question #51

The equal comparison operator is _____.

a) <>

b) !=

c) ==

d) =

Question

#52

To generate a random integer between 0 and 5, use _____.

- a) `random.randint(0, 5)`
- b) `random.randint(0, 6)`
- c) `random.randint(1, 5)`
- d) `random.randrange(0, 5)`

Question #53

`random.randint(0, 1)` returns _____.

- a) 0
- b) 1
- c) 0 or 1
- d) 2

Question #54

`random.random()` returns _____.

- a) a float number i such that $0 < i < 1.0$
- b) a float number i such that $0 \leq i < 1.0$
- c) a float number i such that $0 \leq i \leq 1.0$
- d) a float number i such that $0 < i < 2.0$

Question

#55

Which of the following code displays the area of a circle if the radius is positive.

- a) `if radius != 0: print(radius * radius * 3.14159)`
- b) `if radius >= 0: print(radius * radius * 3.14159)`
- c) `if radius > 0: print(radius * radius * 3.14159)`
- d) `if radius <= 0: print(radius * radius * 3.14159)`

Question #56

What is the output of the following code?

```
x = 0
if x < 4:
    x = x + 1

print("x is", x)
```

- a) x is 0
- b) x is 1
- c) x is 2
- d) x is 3

Question

#57

Suppose `isPrime` is a boolean variable, which of the following is the correct statement for testing if `isPrime` is true.

- a) `if isPrime = True:`
- b) `if isPrime == TRUE:`
- c) `if isPrime:`
- d) `if not isPrime = False:`

Question #58

Analyze the following code:

```
even = False
if even = True:
    print("It is even!")
```

- a) The program has a syntax error in line 1 (`even = False`)
- b) The program has a syntax error in line 2 `if even = True` is not a correct condition. It should be replaced by `if even == True:` or `if even:`.
- c) The program runs, but displays nothing.
- d) The program runs and displays `It is even!.`

Question #59

Analyze the following code:

```
even = False
if even:
    print("It is even!")
```

- a) The code displays It is even!
- b) The code displays nothing.
- c) The code is wrong. You should replace `if even:` with `if even == True:`
- d) The code is wrong. You should replace `if even:` with `if even = True:`

Question #60

Suppose $x = 1$, $y = 2$, and $z = 1$. What will be displayed by the following statement?

```
if x > 0:
    print("***", y, end=" ")
if z > 0:
    print("$$$ ", y, end=" ")
```

- a) *** 2
- b) \$\$\$ 2
- c) *** 2 \$\$\$ 2
- d) *** \$\$\$

Solutions

Question #	Correct Answer
1	B
2	C
3	C
4	D
5	A
6	B
7	B
8	D
9	B
10	B

Question #	Correct Answer
11	B
12	D
13	D
14	D
15	C
16	B
17	A
18	A
19	D
20	D

Solutions

Question #	Correct Answer
21	C
22	B
23	D
24	B
25	C
26	D
27	D
28	B
29	D
30	B

Question #	Correct Answer
31	B
32	C
33	A
34	C
35	D
36	B
37	D
38	A
39	C
40	C

Solutions

Question #	Correct Answer
41	C
42	B
43	D
44	C
45	A
46	B
47	D
48	C
49	C
50	B

Question #	Correct Answer
51	C
52	A
53	C
54	B
55	C
56	B
57	C
58	B
59	B
60	C